Al Corrosion-free Photoresist Stripping and Etch Residue Removal Process with Dilute Halide Solutions at Room Temperature

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Objectives

- Demonstrate removal of photoresist (PR) and etch residue while maintaining high compatibility with Al/TiN/SiO2/SiN materials
 - Minimize corrosion defects post plasma etch process
 - Prevent galvanic corrosion during cleaning process

Before Treatment PR Etch Residue Pad AI (SiO2/SiN)



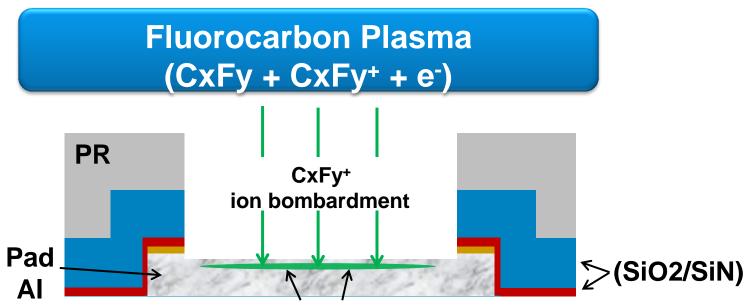
Challenges

 Removal of PR and PERR on Al surfaces using halidecontaining materials which typically cause corrosion of the Al bond pads



Challenges

Al Corrosion by Fluorocarbon Pathway



Leaves Fluorine on far surface of Al Pad

Pad Al Corrosion by AlFx and AlxOyFz Formation

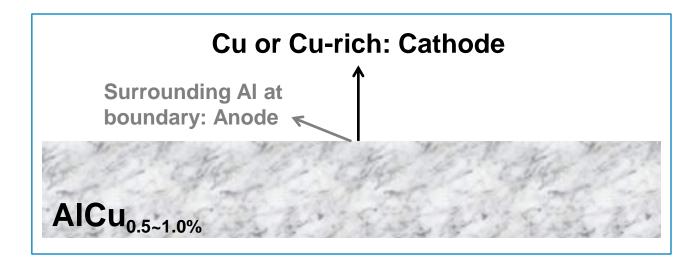
$$[AIF_x]^{(x-3)-} + 3e- \Leftrightarrow AI + 6F- (X=3 \text{ or } 6)$$

 $[AIF_x]^{(x-3)-} + AI_2O_3 \rightarrow AI_xO_yF_z$



Challenges

Al Corrosion by Formation of Galvanic Cell



Anode: Al ⇔ Al³⁺ + 3e : - 1.662 V

Cathode: Cu²⁺ + 2e ⇔ Cu : + 0.337 V

$$O_2 + 2H_2O + 4e \Leftrightarrow 4 OH^-$$

 $4AI + 3O_2 + 6H_2O \Leftrightarrow 4AI^{3+} + 12OH^- \Leftrightarrow 4AI(OH)_3$





Testing Plan

Goals:

- Demonstrate that halide-containing product (XM-426) does not remain on the surface following cleaning
 - XM-426 removes photo resist from the wafer surface
 - XM-426 cleans post-etch residue

Method:

- Expose blanket and pattern wafers to CxFy etch processing
- Perform cleaning by XM-426

Analysis:

- Time of Flight SIMS (TOF-SIMS): Depth profile analysis for halide contamination remaining on Al bond pad
- Auger Electron Spectroscopy (AES): Grazing angle analysis for halide remaining on the Al surface
- SEM Image Analysis for corrosion analysis and cleaning performance
- Optical Imaging Analysis for corrosion analysis





Test Parameters

Sample ID	Test Condition	Optical Analysis	SEM Analysis	TOF- SIMS	AES	Purpose
S1	Before chemical treatment	X	X	X	X	Measure residual fluoride before cleaning
S 2	Chemical treatment without DI rinsing (air dried)	X	X	X	X	Reference for DI rinsing effect
S 3	Normal chemical treatment with DI rinsing	X	X	X	X	DI rinsing effect
S4	Chemical treatment with multiple concentration (3x) of halide component	Х	Х	Х	X	Examine corrosion by increased halide concentration



Optical Microscope Inspection of Al Bond Pads

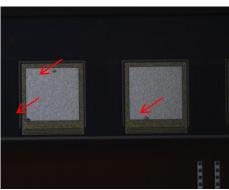
(S1) Before Cleaning

(S2) Cleaning w/o **DI Rinsing**

(S3) Cleaning w/DI (S4) Cleaning with Rinsing

3X of Halide





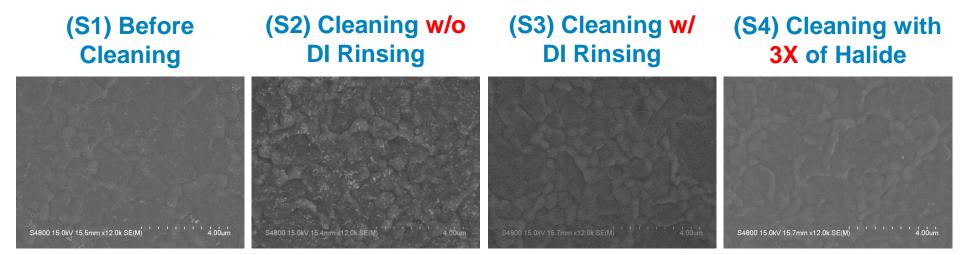




- Sample S2 shows corrosion on Al pad after chemical treatment without DI rinsing
- Samples (S1, S3, S4) show no corrosion following processing



SEM Inspection of AI Bond Pad

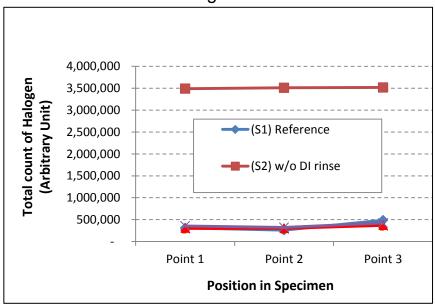


- Samples S1 and S2 shows residue on Al Pad
- Samples S3 and S4 show a clean surface free of corrosion



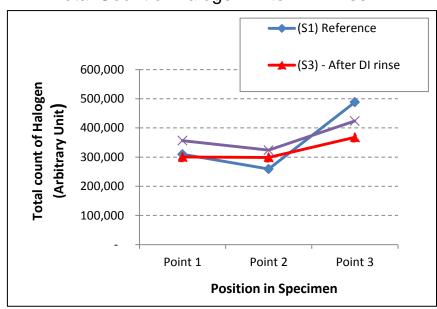
TOF-SIMS Analysis

Total Count of Halogen: Without DI Rinse



 Dominant existence of halide component was observed in S2

Total Count of Halogen: After DI Rinse

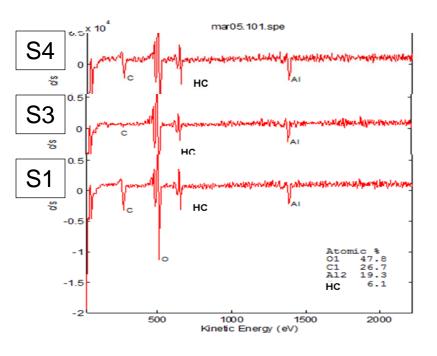


 Following the clean and rinse process, the halide concentration is within range of the control sample





AES Analysis: Spectra of S1, S3 and S4



Sample	Al	С	0	НС	
S1	19.3	26.7	47.8	6.1	
S2	8.0	82.6	6.7	2.5	
S3	23.6	N/A	67.8	4.1	
S4	22.3	20.7	51.7	5.4	

- S1 and S4 show similar HC peak/Al peak ratio
- S3 peak ratio shows HC reduced compared to S1 and S4
- S2 appears to be masked by residue





Summary of Analysis

Variable	Optical Analysis	SEM Analysis	TOF-SIMS	AES	
(S1) Before chemical treatment	No corrosion	Residue visible	Minimum halide signature	Baseline	
(S2) Chemical treatment without DI rinsing (air dried)	Residue/ corrosion visible	Residue visible	Halide signature	Halide masked by residue	
(S3) Normal chemical treatment with DI rinsing	No corrosion	No residue/ corrosion	Minimum halide signature	Halide signature reduced	
(S4) Chemical treatment with multiple concentration (3X) of halide component	No corrosion	No residue/ corrosion	Minimum halide signature	Halide signature similar to S1	





Results – Cleaning and Stripping Performance

Photoresist Cleaning and Material Compatibility

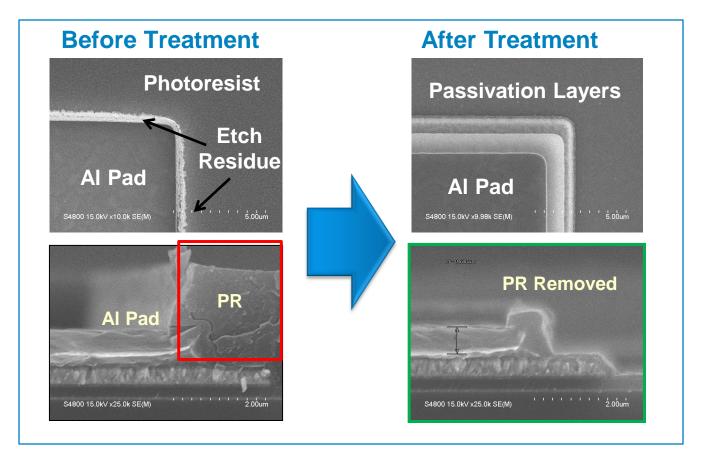
60 seconds @ 23 °C	Positive Photoresist	Al	TiN	TEOS	SiN
Target ER (Å/min)	> 4,000	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
XM-426 etch rate (Å/min)	> 20,000	1.2	0	2.8	0.3
Non-halide containing AI PERR	> 10,000	3.0	< 0.1	< 0.5	N/A
Non-halide/NMP containing AI PERR	> 10,000	1.8	< 0.1	0.1	0.3

 XM-426 demonstrates similar performance to industry-accepted products but contains halides



Results – Cleaning and Stripping Performance

Performance of XM-426



 XM-426 demonstrates ability to remove photoresist and clean post-etch residue without damaging the Al bond pad



Conclusion

- Al pad corrosion can occur when fluorocarbon gas is used during the plasma etch process for opening of passivation layers
- Avantor's study tested a J.T.Baker® corrosion-free photoresist stripping and etch residue removal cleaning solution
- Results were confirmed by AES and SIMS which showed complete removal of the photoresist and post-etch residue without corrosion to the AI bond pad

